InterPore2024



Contribution ID: 484

Type: Poster Presentation

# An efficient numerical simulation of coupled thermo-hydro-mechanical processes in deep tight gas reservoirs

Wednesday, 15 May 2024 16:10 (1h 30m)

Deep tight gas is an important unconventional natural gas resource, and it is an important target of exploration and development in recent years. Deep tight gas reservoirs are high-temperature, high-pressure, and highstress with complex gas–water relationships, and its occurrence and flow mechanisms are still unclear, making the simulation of deep tight gas reservoirs still a challenging problem. Aiming at the key problems faced in the development of deep tight gas reservoirs, this paper establishes a flow-stress-temperature field coupled mathematical model and numerical model, studies the thermo-hydro-mechanical sequential decoupling method to solve the coupled mathematical model, and forms a multi-field coupled simulation technology which provides theoretical support for the development of deep tight gas. Based on the thermo-hydro-mechanical coupling calculation module, this paper conducts research on the influence of thermo-hydro-mechanical multi-field coupling parameters on the production and development performance, and it further verifies the practicability of our proposed model in real reservoirs.

## Acceptance of the Terms & Conditions

Click here to agree

### **Student Awards**

I would like to submit this presentation into the MDPI student poster award.

#### Country

China

## Porous Media & Biology Focused Abstracts

References

#### **Conference Proceedings**

I am interested in having my paper published in the proceedings.

**Primary authors:** Mr TANG, Yongliang (CNPC Tarim oilfield); WU, Yu-Shu (Colorado School of Mines); Prof. HUANG, Zhaoqin (China University of Petroleum (East China)); YAO, Jun

Presenter: Prof. HUANG, Zhaoqin (China University of Petroleum (East China))

Session Classification: Poster

Track Classification: (MS03) Flow, transport and mechanics in fractured porous media