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Thermoregulation and Ventilation in Termite Nests: Towards Bio-Inspired Solutions to Design Energy Efficient Buildings

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Abstract

Termite nests have long been recognised for their ability to maintain self-sustained ventilation and thermoregulation irrespective of external climatic conditions. Although there has been significant interest in this topic, especially from a point of view of designing energy-efficient buildings, the mechanisms by which the nest properties are controlled are not fully understood.

In this study, we investigate how the structural properties of termite nests, constructed by different termite species, affect temperature regulation and ventilation. We combine X-ray tomography, numerical simulations, and machine learning to correlate nest properties with climatic conditions. The results show that termite nests in the savannah vegetation have similar architecture and structural properties and have larger surface to volume ratio and surface complexity compared to nest in the forest vegetation. Large surface to volume ratio and surface complexity are properties which have been linked to efficient gas exchange and reduced nest insulation. The results will be correlated to pressure and velocity fields, permeability, thermal conductivity, and CO₂ dispersivity obtained from millimetre-scale 3D numerical simulations, which will enable us to better understand the processes that control self-sustained ventilation and thermoregulation in termite nests.

Participation

In-Person

References

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- Singh, K., Muljadi, B. P., Raeini, A. Q., Jost, C., Vandeginste, V., Blunt, M. J., Theraulaz, G., & Degond, P. (2019). The architectural design of smart ventilation and drainage systems in termite nests. <http://advances.sciencemag.org/>

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