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Type: Oral Presentation

## Potential geological sequestration of CO<sub>2</sub> in Kazakhstan

*Monday, 30 May 2022 17:35 (15 minutes)*

CO<sub>2</sub> storage in subsurface is one of ways to mitigate the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in many places including Kazakhstan . To achieve the goals to achieve the 25% emission reduction strategy by 2030 according to Paris agreement in 2016, Kazakhstan may require additional actions to be performed. CO<sub>2</sub> sequestration is one of the possible solutions in the reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> emission.

In this work, we explore the possibility of CO<sub>2</sub> storage in the region of the Precaspian basin using the compositional reservoir simulation flow model. We propose the potential place of the CO<sub>2</sub> storage and provide the amount of stored CO<sub>2</sub> based on the reservoir simulation model of Precaspian basin. We also present CO<sub>2</sub> plume migration in the post-injection period.

Moreover, we study the effect of parameters that can be essential in the modeling of CO<sub>2</sub> storage evaluation in a potential subsurface of Kazakhstan.

We conducted uncertainty and sensitivity analysis by incorporating machine learning algorithms and reservoir simulation tool by varying model parameters and finally received 3 probability cases P10, P50, and P90 for the amount of trapped CO<sub>2</sub>.

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### Country

UAE

### References

### Time Block Preference

Time Block C (18:00-21:00 CET)

### Participation

In person

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**Track Classification:** (MS14) Uncertainty Quantification in Porous Media