





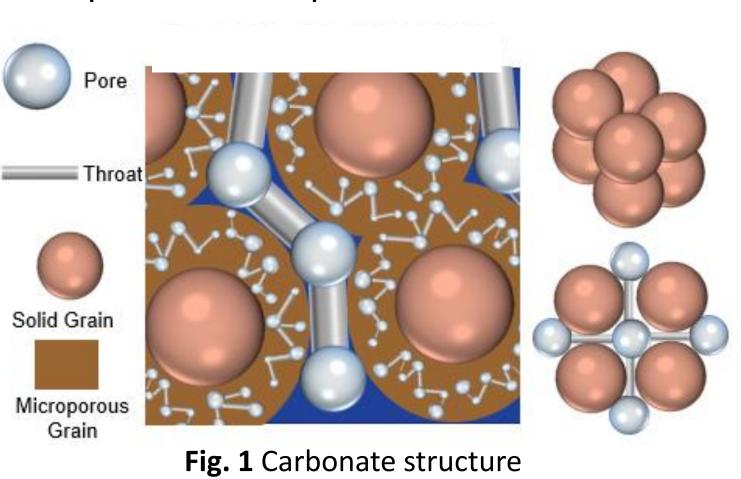


# Microporosity-permeability relationship for complex South East Asia carbonate reservoir

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#### INTRODUCTION

- ☐ Porosity and permeability are important and uncertain reservoir parameters to indicate the hydrocarbon volume and CO<sub>2</sub> storage capacity
- ☐ Establishing carbonate reservoir porosity-permeability relationships that are valid at every scale is very difficult due to complex pore network systems and diagenetic history of carbonate reservoir
- ☐ Microporosity is the porosity in small pores associated with detrital and authigenic clays or within carbonate grains with pore size  $< 10\mu m$ .



### **OBJECTIVES**

- ☐ To share a proof-of-concept microporosity study in Central Luconia carbonate fields, Malaysia that is based on 2D and 3D imaging techniques
- ☐ To analyse the relationship between microporosity and permeability for Miocene carbonate samples

### STUDY AREA

#### Central Luconia Province, Malaysia

- Promising gas resources of around ~30 TSCF have been trapped in Miocene carbonate reservoirs, Central Luconia
- Potential CO<sub>2</sub> storage sites in depleting fields

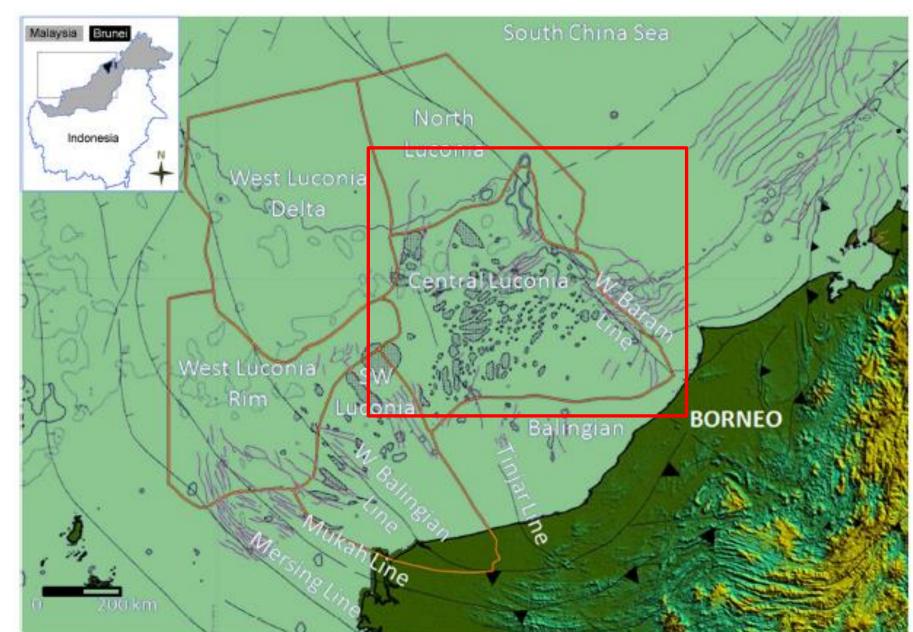
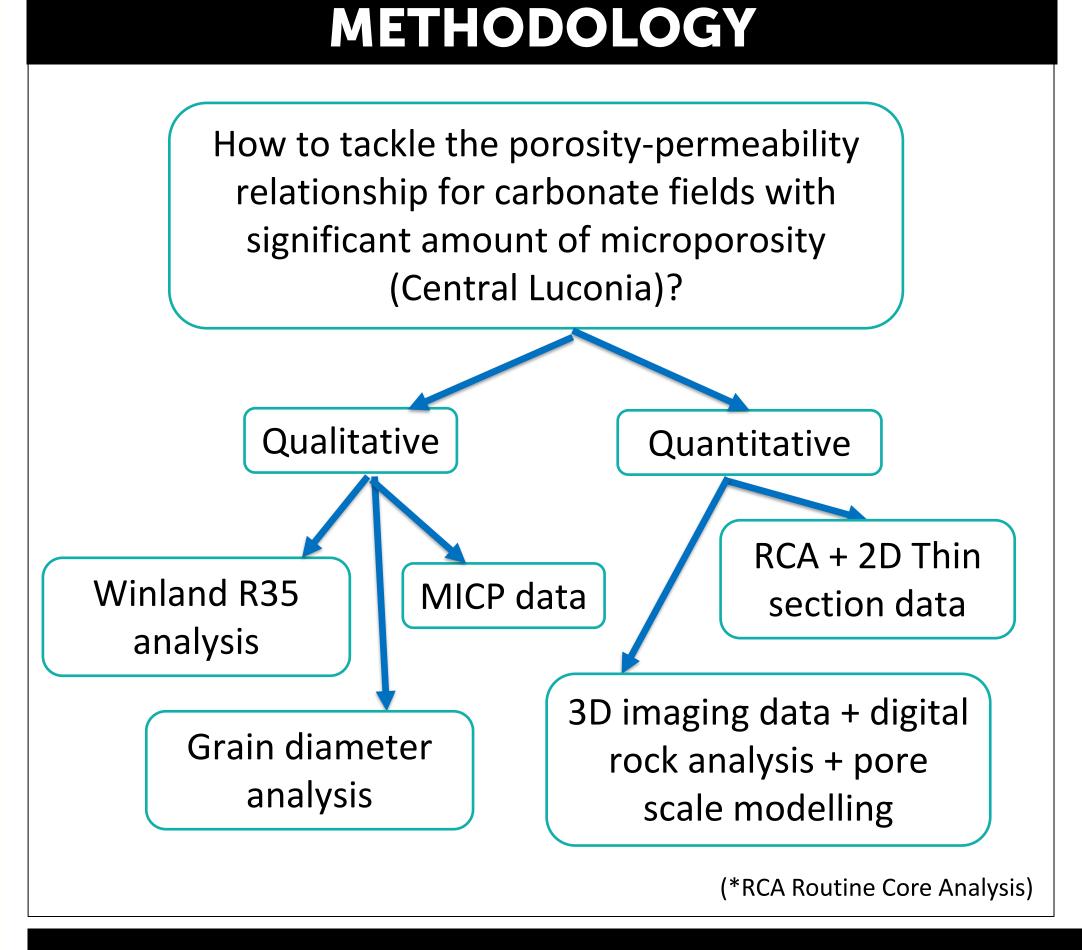
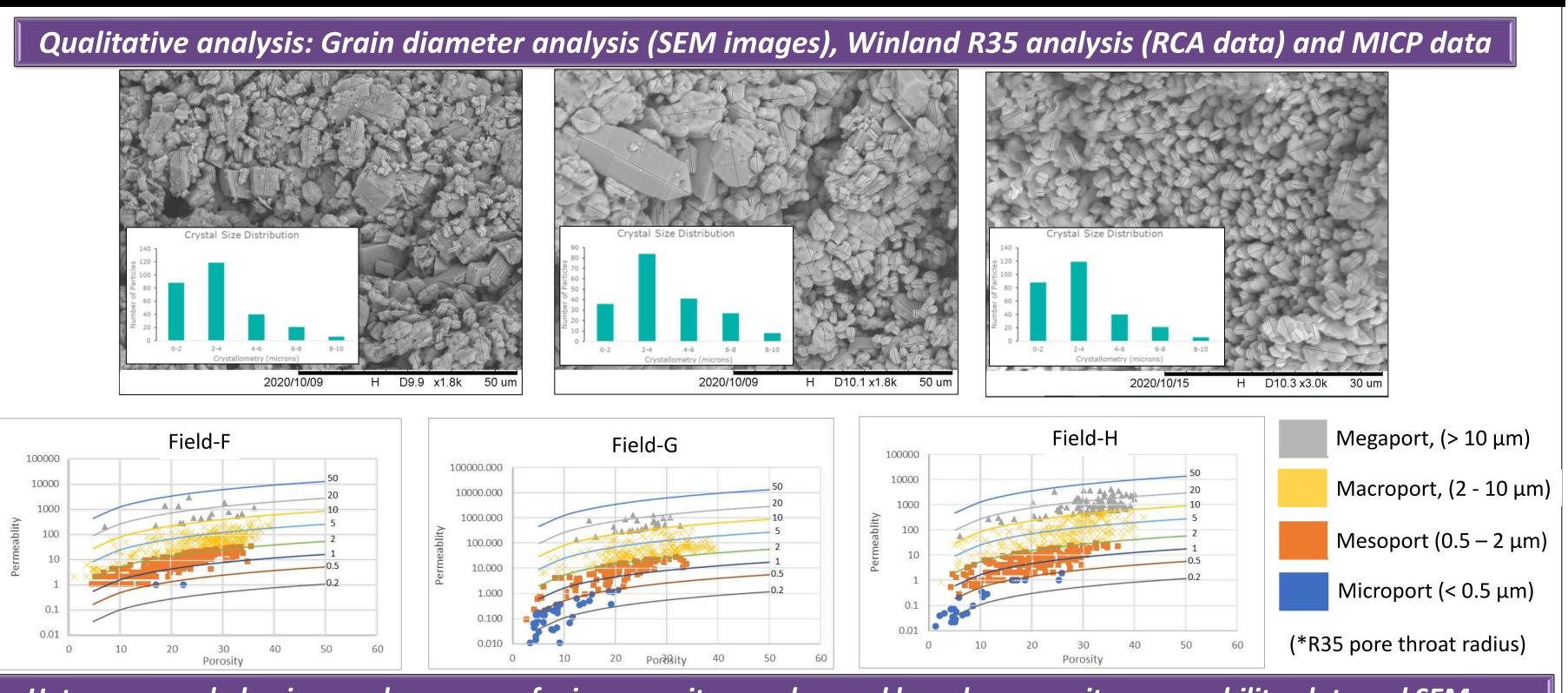


Fig. 2 Location map of Central Luconia Carbonate Platform, Malaysia [1]

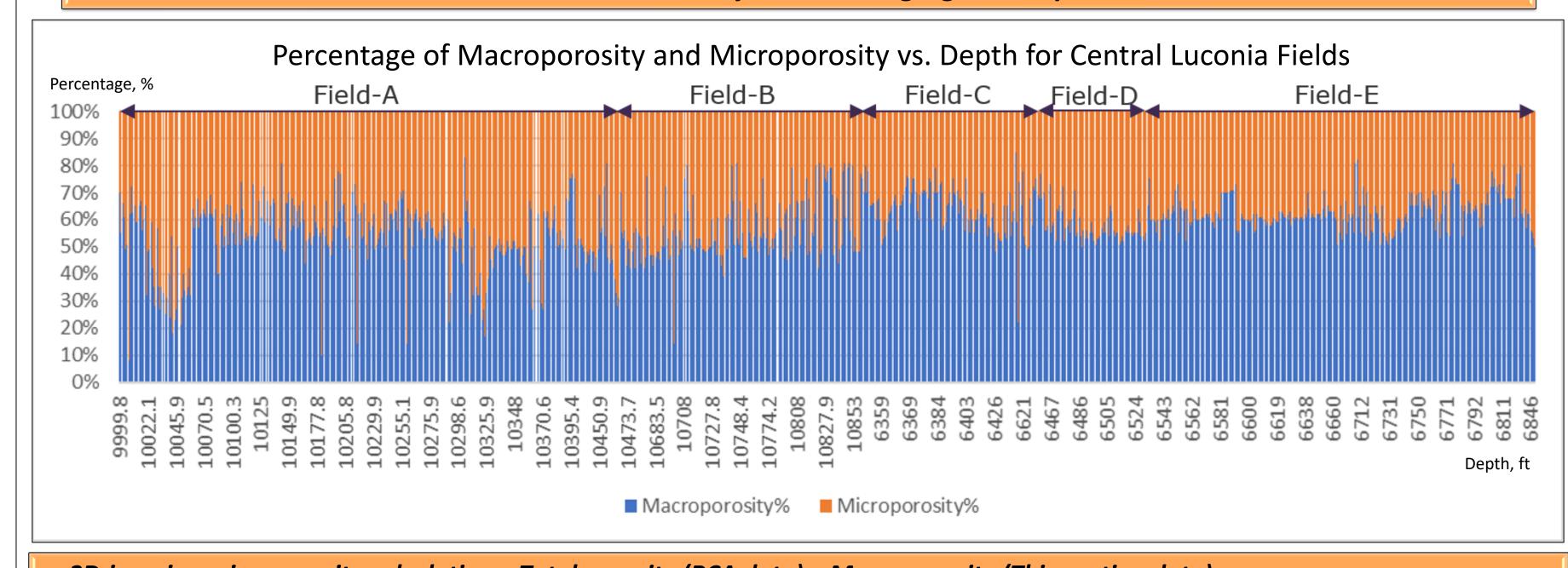


#### RESULTS & DISCUSSIONS



- Heterogenous behaviour and presence of microporosity are observed based on porosity-permeability plots and SEM images with crystal size distribution below 10 μm.
- Macroport (2 10 μm) and mesoport (0.5 2 μm) are common flow units for Central Luconia carbonate fields.
- MICP plots observes 1 macropore, 6 meso-macropore, 16 mesopore and 7 micropore samples

#### Quantitative analyses: 2D imaging technique



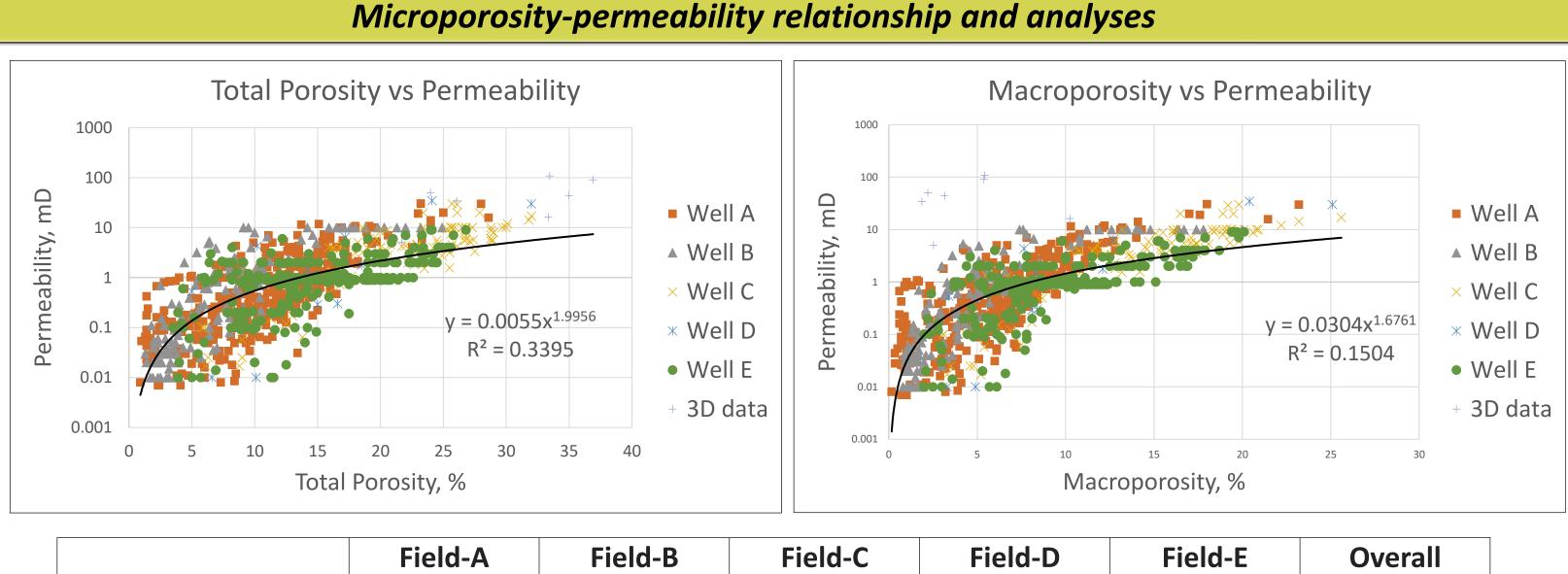
2D-imaging microporosity calculation = Total porosity (RCA data) - Macroporosity (Thin section data) A range of microporosity (15-83%) presents in Field A, B, C, D and E with average value of 41%.

## Quantitative analyses: 3D imaging technique Brinkman Micro-pores Macro-pores

Fig. 3a: 3-phase segmentation (pore, microporous and solid phases); Fig. 3b: Masked (green) area represented microporous phase; Fig. 4: Velocity field obtained by DBS flow simulation

The microporosity calculation for 3D micro-CT digital rock analysis at core-scale is calculated based on segmentised and normalised microporous phase using formula [1-(Mean value/100)] \* volume fraction of microporous phase

In additional, Darcy-Brinkman-Stokes (DBS) flow simulation has been conducted on one carbonate plug sample It is observed that micropores have contributed 83% of total permeability on the carbonate plug sample



	Field-A	Field-B	Field-C	Field-D	Field-E	Overall
Average micro Ø%	46	43	35	36	38	42
R <sup>2</sup> Total Ø vs perm	0.5127	0.6633	0.3555	0.6736	0.2997	0.3395
R <sup>2</sup> Macro Ø vs perm	0.6304	0.6973	0.4979	0.7927	0.5547	0.1504

Higher R<sup>2</sup> value observed for macroporosity vs permeability as compared to total porosity vs permeability.

Micropores have more contributions in permeability especially for Field-A, C and E.

## CONCLUSION

- ☐ Central Luconia carbonate samples contain significant amount of microporosity, ranging from 15 to 93% of the total measured porosity.
- ☐ Micropores play an important role in connecting the macropores and contribute significantly to the total permeability.
- ☐ It is recommended to further extend the microporosity study using higher resolution 3D imaging techniques such as FIB-SEM and upscale the images back to core scale.

## REFERENCES

- [1] Janjuhah, H.T., Salim, A.M.A., Alansari, A. et al. Presence of microporosity in Miocene carbonate platform, Central Luconia, offshore Sarawak, Malaysia. Arab J Geosci 11, 204 (2018). https://doi.org/10.1007/s12517-018-3526-2
- [2] M. Madon, "Basin types, Tectono-stratigraphic provinces and structural styles," in Petroleum geology and resources of Malaysia, PETRONAS, 1999, pp. 77–112.